Application No. 10/518,956 Attorney Docket 13395.1005 Response to Office Action of July 12, 2007

Listing of Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Claims 1-25 (cancelled).

Claim 26 (currently amended): The method according to claim 4 <u>46</u>, wherein the magnetisable material includes particles comprise elemental iron (Fe), or a compound thereof, or a chromium compound, or a combination thereof.

Claim 27 (cancelled).

Claim 28 (currently amended): The method according to claim 27, wherein the iron compound is an iron salt is selected from the group consisting of: magnetite (Fe₃O₄), maghemite (γFe₂O₃), and greigite(Fe₃S₄), or any combination and combinations thereof.

Claim 29 (currently amended): The method according to claim 26, wherein the chromium compound is a chromium salt chromium oxide (CrO₂).

Claim 30 (cancelled).

Claim 31 (currently amended): The method according to claim 4 46, wherein the magnetic magnetisable material comprises particles comprises a magnetic core with a biocompatible coating.

Claim 32 (currently amended): The method according to claim 31, wherein the particle has particles have a core and a silica shell enveloping the core.

Claims 33-35 (cancelled).

Claim 36 (currently amended): The method according to claim 4 46, wherein the magnetisable

particle has particles have a mean size of 5000 nm or less.

Claim 37 (currently amended): The method according to claim 36, wherein the magnetisable

particle has particles have a mean size of from 1 nm to 5000 nm.

Claim 38 (cancelled).

Claim 39 (currently amended): The method according to claim 4 46, wherein the magnetisable

particle is particles are tagged with one or more specific antibodies or protein binding motifs

which recognise a cellular element within the cell.

Claim 40 (currently amended): The method according to claim 39, wherein the specific

antibodies or protein binding motifs cellular element is a transmembrane extracellular matrix

molecule, a transmembrane adhesion molecule, or a dispersed membrane adhesion protein or an

extracellular matrix protein.

Claims 41 and 42 (cancelled).

Claim 43 (original): The method according to claim 40, wherein the transmembrane adhesion

molecule is an integrin, cadherin, selectin, or immunoglobulin.

Claim 44 (cancelled).

Claim 45 (original): The method according to claim 40, wherein the dispersed membrane

adhesion protein is RGD (arginine-glycine-aspartate).

Claim 46 (currently amended): The A method of treating a patient suffering from a disorder

involving an ion channel comprising:

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administering to the patient magnetisable particles, wherein the magnetisable particles

associate with an ion channel of a cell of the patient; and

manipulating the ion channel channels or cells using a magnetic field external to the

patient, thereby treating the disorder, wherein the magnetic field is a constant field or is a

variable field with a frequency of 0.1 HZ to 10 Hz.

Claim 47 (currently amended): The method of claim 2 46, wherein the method is a method of

comprises destroying cells or inhibiting cell growth.

Claim 48 (currently amended): The method of claim 2 46, wherein the method is a method of

comprises inducing osmotic shock to a cell.

Claim 49 (previously presented): The method of claim 46, wherein the cell is a tumor cell.

Claim 50 (cancelled).

Claim 51 (original): The method of claim 47, wherein cells are destroyed or cell growth

inhibited by holding ion channels open with a targeted static magnetic field.

Claim 52 (original): The method of claim 47, wherein cells are destroyed or cell growth

inhibited by cyclically opening and closing ion channels with a targeted, time-varying magnetic

field.

Claim 53 (currently amended): The method of claim 47 46, wherein the method is a method of

treating a disorder involving involves a tissue with ion channels that participate in normal

cellular homeostasis.

Claim 54 (original): The method according to claim 53, wherein the cells are cardiac muscle

cells.

Claim 55 (original): The method according to claim 53, wherein the disorder is hypertension.

Claim 56 (currently amended): The method according to claim 53, wherein the <u>disorder requires</u> method is a method of pain relief.

Claims 57 and 58 (cancelled).

Claim 59 (currently amended): The method of claim 46, wherein the method is a method of disorder requires repair of at least one of: tissue and/or and bone repair.

Claim 60 (currently amended): The method of claim 59, wherein the cells <u>are</u> ligamentum cells, tenocytes, chondrocytes, or stromal cells.

Claim 61 (previously presented): The method of claim 59, wherein the method comprises the regeneration of tissue or the generation of artificial tissue.

Claim 62 (previously presented): The method of claim 59, where the method comprises the remote activation of ion channels.

Claim 63 (currently amended): The method of claim 59, where the method comprises <u>at least</u> one of: wound healing and/or and tissue adhesion.

Claim 64 (currently amended): The method of treatment of claim 59 46, wherein the method comprises at least one of: bone repair and/or and bone growth.

Claims 65-68 (cancelled).

Claim 69 (previously presented): The method of claim 46, wherein the magnetic field has a flux

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density of 10 mT to 1400 mT.

Claim 70 (cancelled).

Claim 71 (currently amended): The method of claim 46, further comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically active agent simultaneously, separately or sequentially with the magnetisable particles.

Claims 72-153 (cancelled).

Claim 154 (new): A method of treating a patient suffering from a disorder involving an ion channel comprising:

administering to the patient at least one magnetisable particle, wherein the magnetisable particle associates with a cell of the patient; and

manipulating an ion channel of the cell using a magnetic field external to the patient, thereby treating the disorder,

wherein the magnetic field is a constant field or is a variable field with a frequency of 0.1 HZ to 10 Hz, the method comprises repairing tissue or bone, and said cells are ligamentum cells, tenocytes, chondrocytes or stromal cells.

Claim 155 (new): The method of claim 154, wherein said ion channel is TREK.

Claim 156 (new): The method of claim 154, wherein said magnetizable particle is associated with said cell by means of an antibody.

Claim 157 (new): The method of claim 156, wherein said antibody binds to a cellular element selected from the group consisting of: transmembrane extracellular matrix molecules, transmembrane adhesion molecules, dispersed membrane adhesion proteins, and extracellular matrix proteins.

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Claim 158 (new): The method of claim 154, wherein the magnetisable particle comprises

elemental iron (Fe), or a compound thereof, or a chromium compound, or a combination thereof.

Claim 159 (new): The method of claim 154, wherein the magnetisable particle has a size of 5000

nm or less.

Claim 160 (new): The method of claim 159, wherein the magnetisable particle has a size of from

1 nm to 5000 nm.

Claim 161 (new): A method of regenerating tissue, comprising:

associating a magnetisable particle with an ion channel of a cell; and

manipulating said ion channel using a magnetic field,

wherein said cell is a ligamentum cell, tenocyte, chondrocyte or stromal cell.

Claim 162 (new): The method of claim 161, wherein said magnetizable particle is associated

with said ion channel by means of an antibody.

Claim 163 (new): The method of claim 162, wherein said antibody binds to a cellular element

transmembrane extracellular matrix molecules, selected from the group consisting of:

transmembrane adhesion molecules, dispersed membrane adhesion proteins, and extracellular

matrix proteins.

Claim 164 (new): The method of claim 161, wherein the magnetisable particle comprises

elemental iron (Fe), or a compound thereof, or a chromium compound, or a combination thereof.

Claim 165 (new): The method according to claim 161, wherein the magnetisable particle has a

size of 5000 nm or less.

Claim 166 (new): The method according to claim 165, wherein the magnetisable particle has a size of from 1 nm to 5000 nm.

Claim 167 (new): The method of claim 161, wherein said ion channel is TREK.

Claim 168 (new): The method of claim 161, wherein the magnetic field is a constant field or is a variable field with a frequency of 0.1 HZ to 10 Hz.

Claim 169 (new): A method of regenerating cartilage, comprising:

associating a magnetisable particle with a TREK ion channel of a chondrocyte; and manipulating said ion channel using a magnetic field,

wherein said magnetisable particle is associated with said TREK ion channel by means of an antibody.

Claim 170 (new): The method of claim 169, wherein said antibody binds to a cellular element selected from the group consisting of: transmembrane extracellular matrix molecules, transmembrane adhesion molecules, dispersed membrane adhesion proteins, and extracellular matrix proteins.

Claim 171 (new): The method of claim 169, wherein the magnetic field is a constant field or is a variable field with a frequency of 0.1 HZ to 10 Hz.

Claim 172 (new): The method of claim 169, wherein the magnetisable particle comprises elemental iron (Fe), or a compound thereof, or a chromium compound, or a combination thereof.

Claim 173 (new): The method of claim 169, wherein the magnetisable particle has a size of 5000 nm or less.

Claim 174 (new): The method of claim 169, wherein the magnetisable particle has a size of from

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1 nm to 5000 nm.